

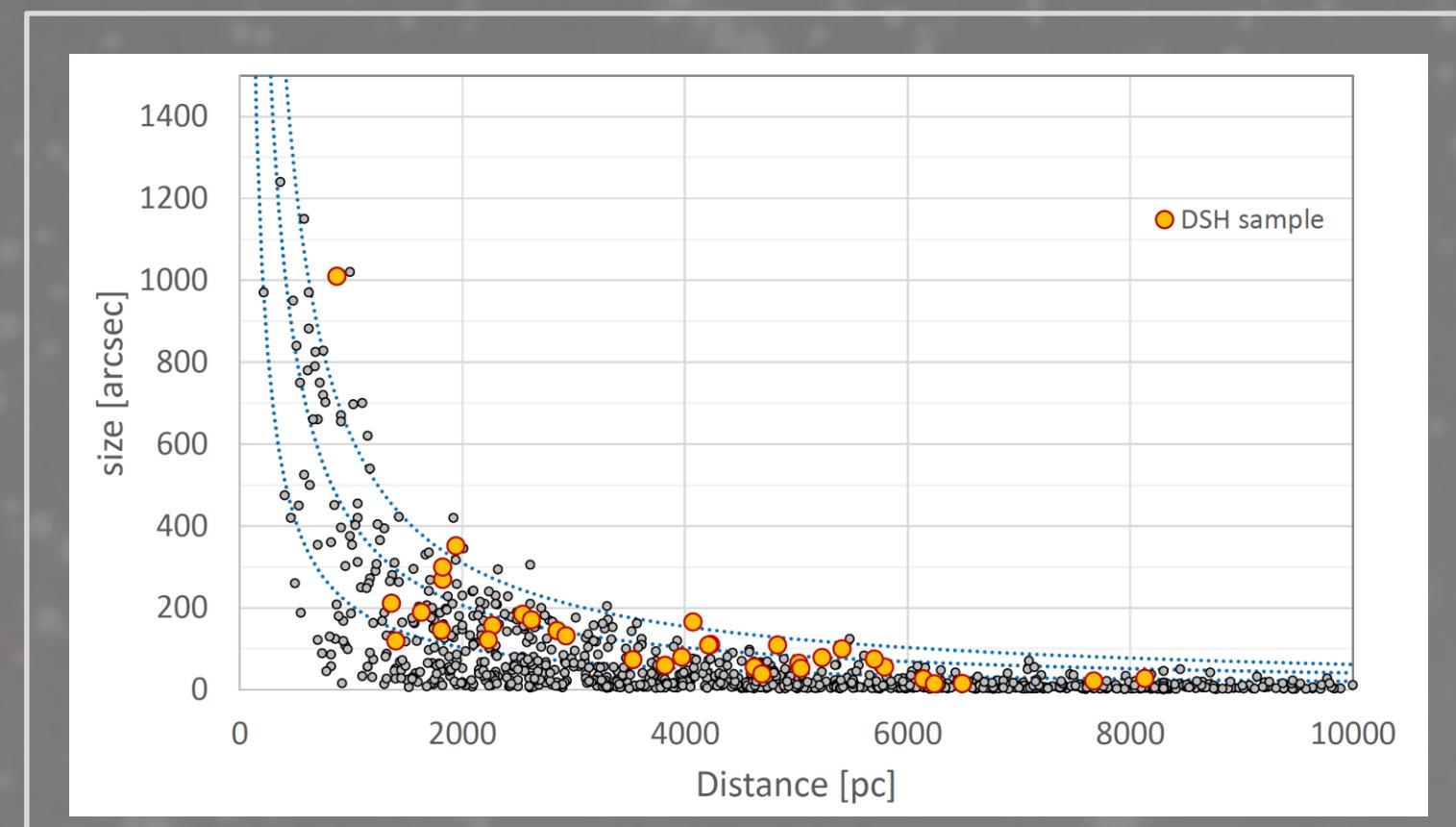
Medium- to large-sized True and Likely planetary nebulae from the DSH sample

M. Kronberger¹, Q. A. Parker², G. H. Jacoby^{1,3}, D. J. Frew², D. Harmer⁴, L. Huet¹, P. Le Dû¹, D. Patchick¹, T. Prestgard¹

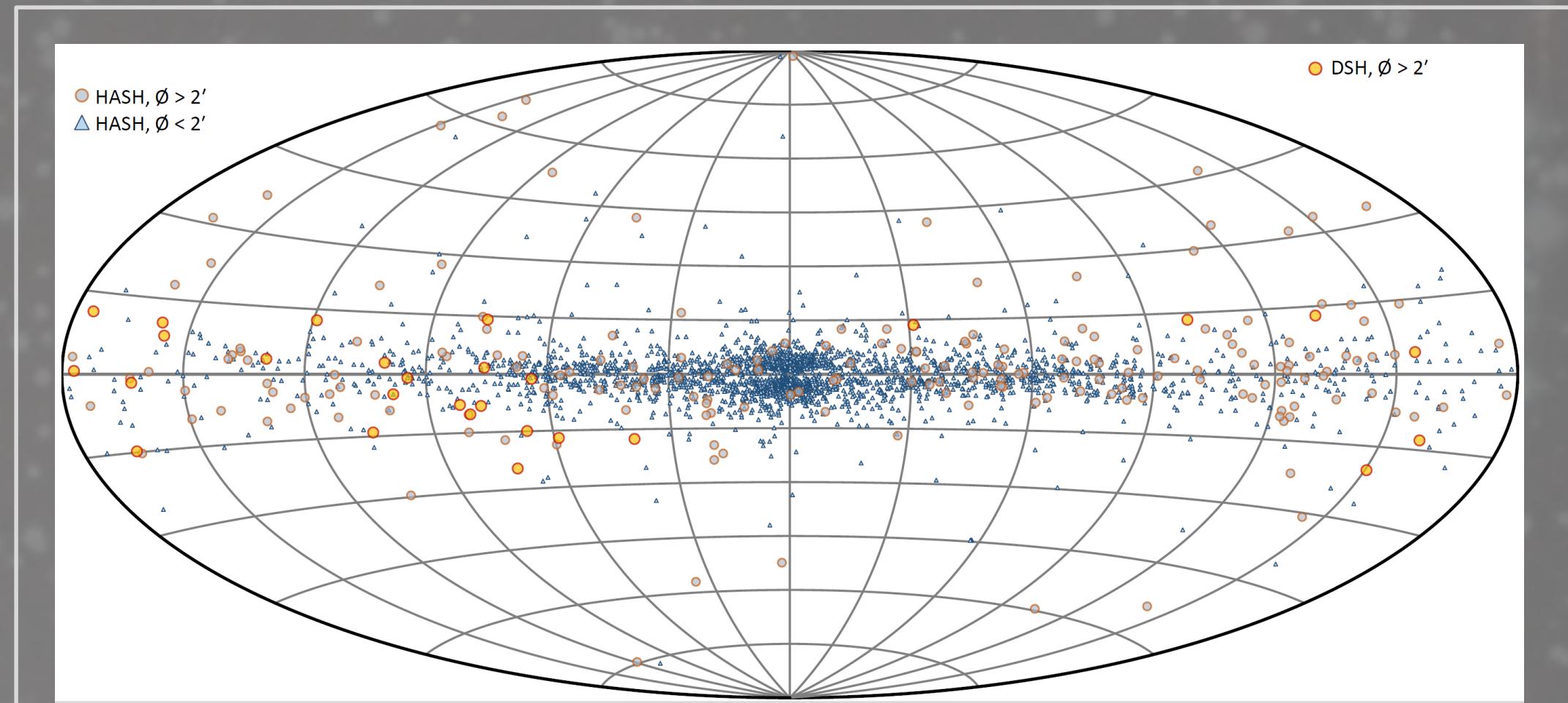
¹ DSH collaboration, ² University of Hong Kong, ³ Lowell, ⁴ NOAO
email: matthias.kronberger@gmx.at

Introduction

The Hong Kong/AOO/Strasbourg H α planetary nebula database (HASH) [1] incorporates almost 300 true, probable and possible planetary nebulae (PNe) that have been identified since 2003 within the framework of the Deep Sky Hunters (DSH) project, and other amateur-based efforts [2-4]. Our sample covers all types of different PN morphologies, spectral properties, and evolutionary states. Estimated distances range from below 1kpc to possible extragalactic specimen. This contribution focuses on all currently known medium- to large-sized PNe and candidates (optical diam > 2') in our sample.



Relation between angular diameters and distances for all PNe listed in [5]. The overplotted lines correspond to diameters of 1pc, 2pc and 3pc, respectively. Objects belonging to the DSH sample are highlighted. The plot shows that the sizes of DSH PNe are above 1pc in the majority of cases, translating into a size limit of 2' for possible Extended Local Volume members ($d < 2\text{kpc}$) in our sample.

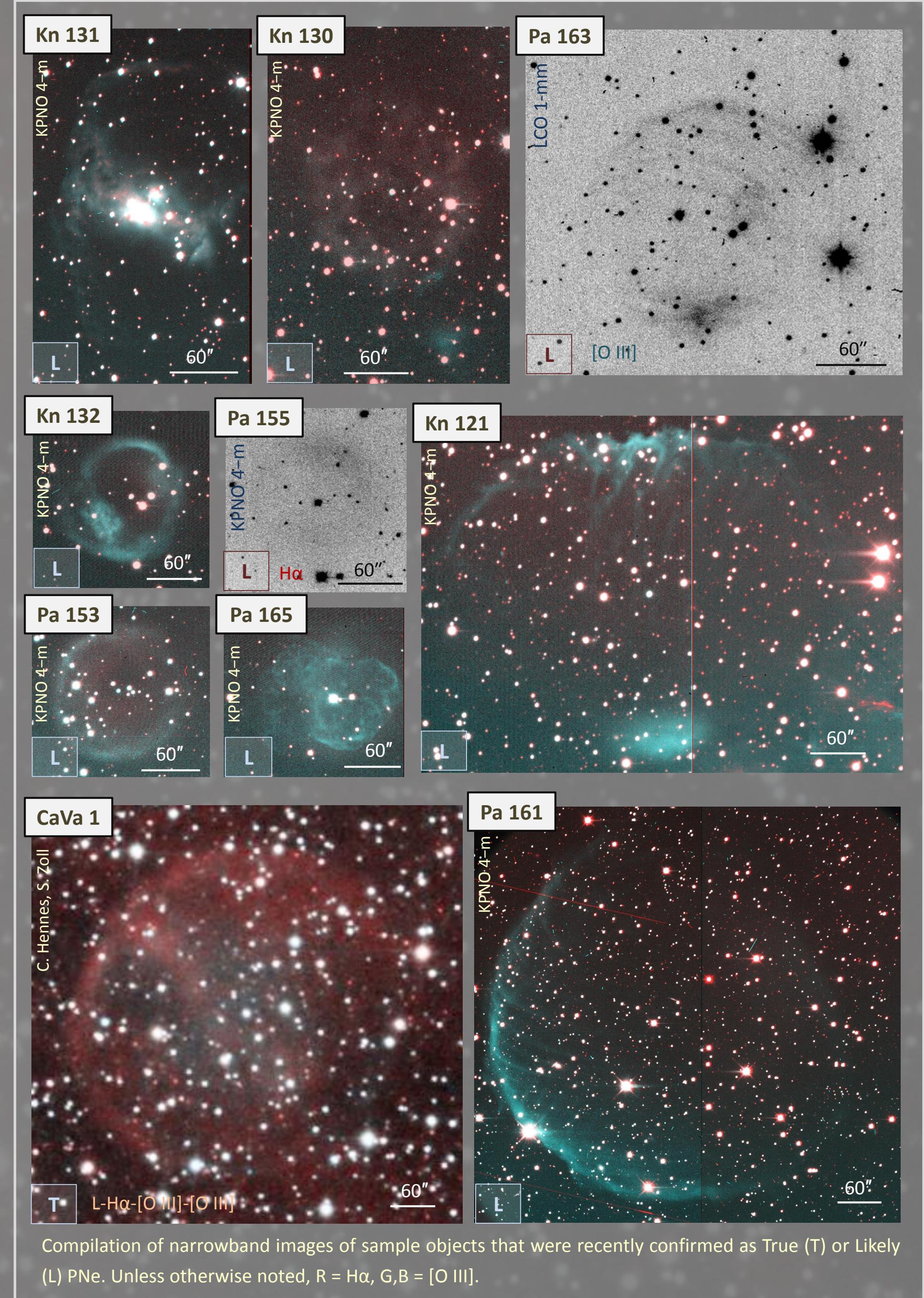


Distribution of True and Likely PNe from the DSH sample with $\phi > 2'$ in an Aitoff-Hammer projection of the Galactic Plane. Other True and Likely PNe listed in the HASH database are shown for comparison. The average scale heights of the DSH and HASH samples with $\phi > 2'$ are 10.0° and 11.4° , respectively.

Results

The table below summarizes all 28 True (T) and Likely (L) PNe from the DSH sample with optical diameters > 2' and lists the fundamental properties of the nebular shells and the CSPNe. Previously unpublished objects are highlighted in blue. Statistically derived distances were taken from [5]. The listed CSPN magnitudes were extracted from PanStarrs photometry. For 15 objects with available UV, optical and IR photometry, we determined E(B-V) and T by fitting the spectral distributions of the CSPNe with distribution functions of blackbody emitters corrected for the effects of interstellar extinction using the formalism in [6] and assuming $R_V = 3.1$. The GALEX UV fluxes were corrected by applying the revised photometric calibration from [7]. Effective wavelengths and zero points were taken from various resources. We note that two CSPNe (Pa 161 and Pa 153) have composite distribution functions with a hotter and a cooler component.

Object ID	RA [2000.0]	DE [2000.0]	I ["]	b ["]	Diam. ["]	D [kpc]	Status	Class	CSPN [mag]	Spectral Type	E (B-V) [mag]	T [K]	Notes
Fe 6	01 56 25.1	+65 28 30	129.61	+03.45	212 x 198		T	Rar	19.014g				= IPHASX J015624.9+652830 [1]
Kn 132	04 14 21.2	+30 23 31	166.61	-14.78	158 x 152		L	Eaps	-				
Kn 131	04 50 17.7	+41 54 53	162.94	-01.68	266 x 192		L	Bas	19.739g				misclassified as GX (Wein 92)
Pa 153	05 09 07.5	+53 10 28	156.00	+07.75	156 x 154		L	Ra	18.081g		0.15	9500 + 80000	Composite
Hu 4	05 28 21.0	+53 31 20	157.33	+10.32	150 x 150		L	?	-				Unclear CSPN identification
Te 2	05 40 44.8	+33 44 31	177.06	+00.59	122 x 117	2.23	T	Ras	21.169g				
Kn 63	05 42 06.7	+04 43 03	200.56	-13.10	388 x 358	1.94	T	Rams	17.454g				
Pa 155	05 45 23.9	-11 45 49	209.59	-19.90	128 x 120		L	Ra	15.345g		0.14	100000	
Kn 62	06 23 55.4	+38 15 15	175.63	+11.46	126 x 126		T	Baps	18.421g		0.12	55000	
CaVa 1	06 52 51.4	+09 03 34	205.01	+04.44	480 x 435		T	Eas	18.093g				
KnAlv 1	08 04 04.4	-06 30 57	227.32	+12.94	1100 x 1060	0.87	T	Ear	15.963g		0.01	120000	= Fr 2-25 [1]
Pa 163	09 24 55.2	-31 45 03	259.69	+13.29	220 x 216		L	Eas	18.315i		0.10	75000	
Pa 33	15 11 13.2	-42 10 23	328.82	+13.56	175 x 165	4.07	L	Eas					
Pa 5	19 19 30.5	+44 45 43	076.32	+14.11	157 x 154	2.27	T	Eamrs	15.525g	PG1159? [8]	0.07	140000	
Pa 161	19 43 28.6	-13 44 59	039.66	-17.65	536 x 484		L	As	13.897g		0.05	5100 + 120000	Composite
Te 1	19 57 22.3	+26 39 08	063.93	-01.22	146 x 140	1.81	T	Bamps	20.473g				
Ju 1	20 15 21.4	+38 02 44	075.57	+01.72	240 x 240	2.09	T	Rr	19.413g				
Kn 121	20 42 01.9	+13 51 15	058.88	-16.97	486 x 371		L	As	15.428g	sdO [9]	0.04	75000	
Kn 45	20 53 03.9	+23 00 11	066.51	-14.90	145 x 138	2.85	T	Ears	18.270g		0.10	60000	
Pa 28	20 58 11.0	+33 08 33	076.89	-08.18	133 x 123		L	Eas	18.709g		0.17	45000	
Kn 24	21 13 37.7	+37 15 38	082.12	-07.81	190 x 190	1.63	T	Bams	19.189g				
Alv 1	21 15 06.6	+33 58 18	079.89	-10.27	270 x 270	1.82	T	Es	18.153g		0.10	100000	
LDu 1	21 36 05.8	+50 04 09	094.58	-08.89	132 x 120	2.93	T	Rar	21.358g				
Pa 165	21 38 52.8	+18 40 15	072.02	-24.63	188 x 162		L	Ims	12.637g	sdO [9]	0.14	80000	
Cr 1	21 49 11.7	+57 27 20	100.31	+02.82	120 x 106	1.40	T	Es	18.180g				
Pa 41	22 10 13.6	+50 04 33	098.31	-04.93	154 x 136		L	Ias	17.269g		0.15	50000	
Kn 130	23 13 05.2	+45 26 18	105.42	-14.06	277 x 173		L	Ias	16.424g		0.13	80000	
Kn 50	23 54 11.3	+74 55 34	119.15	+12.48	185 x 167	2.54	T	Eams	19.255g		0.25	50000	



Compilation of narrowband images of sample objects that were recently confirmed as True (T) or Likely (L) PNe. Unless otherwise noted, R = H α , G, B = [O III].

Other PN candidates

The table below lists updated observational data of previously published PN candidates that do not meet the selection criteria above. In addition, we present new, yet unpublished PNe and candidates that are expected to be true, likely or possible PNe based on their morphologies, their spectral properties, and their characteristics at optical and infrared wavelengths. All new objects are highlighted in yellow.

Object ID	RA [2000.0]	DE [2000.0]	I ["]	b ["]	Diam. ["]	Type	Imaging	Spectrum	Notes	Object ID	RA [2000.0]	DE [2000.0]	I ["]	b ["]	Diam. ["]	Type	Imaging	Spectrum	Notes	Object ID	RA [2000.0]	DE [2000.0]	I ["]	b ["]	Diam. ["]	Type	Imaging	Spectrum	Notes
Hu 2	00 33 57.4	+74 18 39	121.72	+11.48	100 x 100	L	Le Dû			DeGaPe 2	09 00 17.7	-46 40 41	264.44	-00.35	102 x 96	L	Le Dû			Pa 1934	19 34 33.6	+02 17 15	039.94	-08.53	238 x 188	T	rej, KpNO 4-m		Type: T ... true PN L ... Likely PN P ... Possible PN
Pa 154	01 01 25.0	-72 45 52	123.68	+09.90	83 x 80	L	KpNO 4-m			Pre 3	11 35 38.2	-48 21 10	290.15	+17.62	60 x 56	L	LCO 1-m			Pa 164	19 57 33.2	+23 52 49	061.56	-02.66	105 x 150	L	KpNO 4-m		(1) ionized ISM (2) possible LMC PN?
Pa 59	01 14 39.0	+61 19 44	125.71	01.41	25 x 22	L	KpNO 4-m			Kn 136	17 25 22.3	-26 29 27	359.64	+05.08	7 x 7	P	SHS			Pa 143	20 04 14.0	+09 35 51	072.53	-03.39	43 x 33	L	KpNO 4-m		(4) KRR 62
Pre 8	01 26 36.0	+18 51 18	134.88	-43.23	116 x 111	T	KpNO 4-m	Le Dû		Kn 138	17 36 20.4	-25 06 18	002.16	+03.77	10 x 10	P	SHS			Pa 144	20 06 31.9	+09 26 21	050.22	-12.00	33 x 27	L	KpNO 4-m		(4) Dark nebula + CG
Kn 122	03 53 15.7	+09 56 34	179.20	-32.41	240 x 230	rej, KpNO 4-m				Kn 129	17 39 17.0	-25 04 40	002.54																